

GOVERNANCE OVER FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION POLICY



Policy Type:	Administration	Initially Approved:	05/27/2025
Policy Sponsor:	Executive Director	Last Revised:	05/27/2025
Primary Contact:	Executive Director	Review Scheduled:	05/2026
Approver:	Chief and Council BCM WFN 25/26-05-55		



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

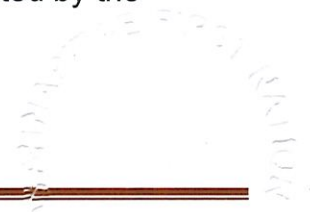
1.	POLICIES AND PROCEDURES .....	7
1.1	Creation .....	8
1.2	Approval and Communication .....	9
1.3	Maintenance .....	9
2.	DELEGATED & ASSIGNED RESPONSIBILITIES .....	10
2.1	Delegation .....	11
2.2	Temporary Delegation .....	11
2.3	Monitoring and Evaluation .....	11
3.	FINANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE .....	17
3.1	Member Appointment and Removal .....	19
3.2	Term Requirements .....	19
3.3	Eligibility Criteria' .....	20
3.4	Administration and Reporting .....	20
4.	OFFICER APPOINTMENT AND RESPONSIBILITIES .....	27
4.1	Appointment .....	28
5.	EXTERNAL AUDIT .....	29
5.1	Auditor Selection, Engagement and Performance .....	31
5.2	Auditor Independence .....	32
5.3	Audit Planning .....	32
5.4	Audit Preparations .....	32
5.5	Audited Annual Financial Statements .....	32
5.6	Auditor Dismissal .....	33
6.	REPORTING OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND CONTRACTS .....	34
7.	WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY .....	36
7.1	Fostering an Open and Ethical Working Environment .....	37
7.2	Reporting Wrongdoing .....	38
7.3	Inquiry .....	39
7.4	Response and Remedial Actions .....	39
8.	REVISION HISTORY .....	41

## DEFINITIONS

“Arrears”	unpaid, overdue debt, or an unfulfilled obligation
“Assign”	transfer of duties or functions from one person to another where the former person (the assignor) retains responsibility for ensuring the activities are carried out
“Authorization and Delegation Table”	a table approved by Council specifying the delegation and assignment authorities over decisions or activities related to the First Nation’s financial administration
“Budget”	a plan or outline of expected money and spending over a specified period
“Capital Assets”	tangible capital assets (physical assets) such as buildings, land, and major equipment
“Capital Plan”	a consolidated plan or outline of expected money and spending of all capital projects to be undertaken in a fiscal year
“Capital Project”	the construction, rehabilitation or replacement of the First Nation’s capital assets and any other major capital projects in which the First Nation or its related entities are investors
“Capital Project Plan”	a project management plan to carry out a capital project that includes the budget
“Chairperson”	head of a meeting, department, committee, or board. The vice-chairperson acts as the head when the chairperson is not there
“Executive Director ”	person who is responsible for leading the day-to-day administration or management of the First Nation and who reports directly to Council
“Code of Conduct Declaration”	statement that Council, committee members, employees, and contractors must sign on an annual basis that states they understand and agree to the First Nation government’s code of conduct
“Committee”	group of people appointed by Council for advising Council or conducting decision-making activities assigned by Council until or unless they are suspended or disbanded by Council

“Conflict of Interest”	situation of personal gain at the expense of others
“Contract”	legally binding agreement between two parties
“Control”	policy, procedure, or process put in place to manage a First Nation government’s administration
“Council”	elected or appointed official representatives of the First Nation that includes Chief, Councillors and the equivalent terminology used by the First Nation
“Deficit”	shortage that occurs when an organization spends more money than it has on-hand over a period
“Delegation”	transfer of specific responsibilities from one person to another
“Director of Finance”	person responsible for the day-to-day management of the First Nation’s finances
“Direct Supervisor”	employee responsible for managing and overseeing the work and development of other staff
“Eligibility Criteria”	requirements set by Council which must be met by an individual to be considered independent and eligible to be appointed to the Finance and Audit Committee
“Engagement Letter”	written document prepared by the auditor that serves as a contract to confirm the audit arrangements between the auditor and the First Nation government; it is required by Canadian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards
“Entity”	corporation, partnership, joint venture or unincorporated association or organization whose financial transactions are consolidated in the First Nation government’s financial statements in accordance with GAAP
“Expenditure”	amount of money spent by the First Nation government to buy goods or services
“Expenses”	amount of money spent on transportation, accommodation, meals, hospitality or incidentals, to be paid back (reimbursed)

“Financial Competency”	ability to read and understand the First Nation government’s financial statements
“Financial Statement”	formal record of all money and property of the First Nation within a specific period
“Fiscal Year”	twelve-month period used for tax or accounting purposes
“Fraud”	wrongful or criminal act that involves lying or holding back information; this is usually done for personal or financial gain
“GAAP”	Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the framework of accounting guidelines, rules and procedures
“Independence”	<p>eligibility criteria for finance and audit committee membership defined as an individual who does not have a direct or indirect relationship with the First Nation government that could, in the opinion of Council, reasonably interfere with the individual’s judgment as a member of the finance and audit committee</p> <p>an individual with a role in the financial management of the First Nation involving planning, organizing, directing or controlling of its financial activities – including budgeting, financial accounting, financial reporting, procurement and use of funds, does not meet the minimum independence requirements for finance and audit committee membership</p>
“Information”	knowledge received and any documented material regardless of source or format
“Materiality”	financial amount that the First Nation government considers significant, typically large amounts; the materiality threshold is the minimum financial amount that a First Nation government considers significant
“Officer”	Executive Director , Director of Finance, Tax Administrator or any other employee of the First Nation government designated by the Council as an Officer



“Record”	information created, received, and maintained by the First Nation government for operational purposes or legal obligations. A record may be electronic, or hardcopy paper based
“Remuneration”	salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, fees, honoraria and dividends and any other monetary and non-monetary benefits
“RFP”	Request for Proposal, competitive process followed by the First Nation government to enter into a major service contract. RFPs lay out the First Nation government’s needs and conditions and leave it up to the potential contractors to present a proposal that shows their experience, skills and ability to carry out the contract within time and cost specifications
“Special Committee”	committee formed for a specific purpose and is dissolved when that purpose has been achieved
“Special Purpose Report”	financial report on a specific activity
“Standing Committee”	committee that has an ongoing purpose
“Terms of Reference”	outline of the purpose and structure of a project, committee, meeting, or negotiation



# 1. POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

## POLICY

### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy to establish a process around creating, revising, and issuing policies and procedures that reflect the First Nation's practices and meet legal and regulatory requirements that affect the First Nation's financial administration.

### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to make sure that there is a standardized way of preparing, reviewing, issuing, maintaining and revising the First Nation's financial management system policies and procedures.

### Scope

This policy applies to the Council, Committees of Council and all employees and any other persons with authority to conduct activities in connection with the financial administration of the First Nation.

### Responsibilities

#### Council is responsible for:

- Approving new, revised or removed policies and procedures by Council Resolution that comply with applicable laws, regulations and standards.

#### The Finance and Audit Committee is responsible for:

- Recommending to Council the issuance, revision or removal of policy and procedure document related to reimbursable expenses and perks of Council members and employees only.

#### The Executive Director is responsible for:

- Maintaining a comprehensive list of all existing policies and procedures.
- Making sure that the current list of policy and procedures is made available to all affected persons.
- Reviewing all policy requests (new, revised, removed) and submitting a recommendation to Council for approval.
- Determining if the policy and/or procedure document request needs to be referred to a subject matter expert for additional review.
- Determining if the policy and/or procedure document needs cross functional review from other departments within the First Nation.

- Making sure proposed or revised policy and procedures incorporate the requirements of applicable laws, regulations and standards.
- Making sure proposed or revised procedures are consistent and compliant with the respective Council approved policies.
- Making sure that existing policy and procedures are kept current by reviewing periodically.

**The Director of Finance is responsible for:**

- Making sure policy and procedure documents being reviewed comply with the First Nation’s Financial Administration Law and GAAP.
- Conducting an assessment for each significant function or activity of the Nation’s financial administration to determine if a policy and procedure document is required.

**All persons affected by the policies and procedures are responsible for:**

- Understanding and complying with the policies and procedures appropriate to their responsibility and interaction.

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

**Procedures**

**1.1 Creation**

Any employee may recommend a policy or procedure; however, the Executive Director will create a list of all policies and procedures required by the First Nation’s Financial Administration Law or required to adequately and effectively manage and control the financial management system and to safeguard the First Nation’s assets.

The Executive Director will determine the appropriate content keeping within the following format for the policy:

- policy – clear statement that indicates the protocol or rule affecting the specific area
- purpose – the reason or rationale underlying the policy and procedure
- scope – the areas, functions, individuals, or departments affected by the policy
- definitions – any specialized terms that are not otherwise defined
- responsibilities – describes who, using titles or positions, is responsible for implementing or maintaining the policy and procedure
- references (optional) – list of applicable documents, policies, laws and regulations
- attachments (optional) – forms, reports, or records that are generated from the policy



The Executive Director will agree on appropriate content keeping within the following format for procedures:

- procedures – describes the steps, details, or methods to be used to implement and maintain the policy and procedures
- references (optional) – list of applicable policies

## 1.2 Approval and Communication

Council must approve all policies and procedures by Council Resolution.

The Executive Director will communicate all approved policies and procedures and make sure they are accessible to the all affected departments and persons whether on the First Nation's server, website or a location to which all those affected have access. The Executive Director will make sure that all employment and service contracts require employees and contractors of the First Nation to comply with the policies and procedures of the First Nation.

## 1.3 Maintenance

At least every two years, all issued policy and procedures will be reviewed for completeness, accuracy, and relevancy and revised or removed accordingly.

### References and Related Authorities

FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 9.0 – Policies and Procedures.

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 8.0 – First Nation Council.

## 2. DELEGATED & ASSIGNED RESPONSIBILITIES

### POLICY

#### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy to establish a process around giving financial administration authorizations and delegations to identified departments, committees and individuals. Overall responsibility for financial management of the First Nation remains with the Council.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to document and specify the use of delegation and assignment authority to transfer the responsibility for making a decision or performing a duty to another functional area, Officer, employee, or agent and to provide accountability with respect to financial authorization and authority to bind the First Nation to legal obligations.

#### Scope

This policy applies to the Council, Committees of Council, Officers, employees of the First Nation and any other persons with authority to conduct activities in connection with the financial administration of the First Nation.

#### Responsibilities

##### Council is responsible for:

- Authorizing the Executive Director to delegate any Council duties or functions related to the First Nation's financial administrative system to an Officer, employee, Committee, contractor or agent except:
  - The approval of financial administration policies that fall under Council's responsibility as specified in a Financial Administration Law.
  - The appointment and removal of the Finance and Audit Committee members, including the Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson.
  - The approval of budgets, budget amendments, borrowings and financial statements.
  - The approval of the Authorization and Delegation Table.
  - Any matter relating to the employment or authorities of any Officers.

##### The Executive Director is responsible for:

- Assigning their financial management activities or functions except:
  - Making sure those with delegated authority understand their responsibilities and have the skill and knowledge necessary to effectively exercise authority.

- Establishing protocols for delegation and temporary assignments to deal with absences due to illness, vacation, or other extended leaves using the Temporary Delegation and Authorization form.

Regardless of the delegation of any financial administration authority by Council, Council remains responsible for the financial management of the First Nation.

## **ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

### **Procedures**

#### **2.1 Delegation**

The Executive Director will prepare and update the Authorization and Delegation Table in accordance with this policy.

The Executive Director will make sure there is an appropriate level of documentation including the Authorization and Delegation Table and a signed Temporary Delegation and Authorization form. The Executive Director will make sure that delegated authority is specified in job descriptions where appropriate.

The Executive Director will submit the Authorization and Delegation Table to Council for approval.

The Executive Director will make sure that that the Authorization and Delegation Table is communicated to all staff to make sure delegated responsibilities can be carried out effectively.

Council, Committees, Officers, employees, contractors and agents may delegate authority only to individuals competent and capable of carrying out the delegated authority.

The Executive Director will make sure that any delegation of authority granted is aligned with the organizational chart structure.

#### **2.2 Temporary Delegation**

Delegation and temporary assignments for absences due to illness, vacation, or other extended leaves must be documented using the Temporary Delegation and Authorization form and reported to and filed with the Executive Director.

#### **2.3 Monitoring and Evaluation**

The Executive Director will monitor and evaluate the performance of the delegated duties and functions and if necessary, make recommendations to Council for amendments to the Authorization and Delegation Table.

## References and Related Authorities

FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 8.0 – Delegated/Assigned Responsibilities.

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 8.0 – First Nation Council.
- Standard 11.0 – First Nations Officers and Employees.

## Attachments

1. Authorization and Delegation Table.
2. Temporary Delegation of Duty/Function Form.

## AUTHORIZATION AND DELEGATION TABLE

Financial Administration Activity / Function	Responsible	Authority Level (where applicable)
Policy Approval	Council	No delegation
Procedure Approval	Council	No delegation
Annual Signing of Code of Conduct Declaration	Council, Finance & Audit Committee Members, Officers, Employees	No delegation
Annual Completion and Signing of Private Interests Disclosure Form	Council, Finance & Audit Committee Members, Officers, Employees	No delegation
Appointment and Termination of Finance & Audit Committee Members	Council	No delegation
Finance & Audit Committee Terms of Reference Approval	Council	No delegation
Signing of Finance & Audit Committee Eligibility Declaration	Finance & Audit Committee Members	No delegation
Committee Establishment, Terms of Reference and Termination	Council	No delegation
Strategic Plan Approval	Council	No delegation
Annual Risk Register Approval	Council	Can delegate to Executive Director
Multi-year Financial Plan Approval by March 31 of each year	Council	No delegation
Annual Budget Approval by March 31	Council	No delegation
Budget Amendment Approval	Council	Must approve amounts greater than \$50,000.00
Annual Report Approval by Sept 27	Council	No delegation
Annual Audited Financial Statements Approval by July 29	Council	No delegation
Annual Special Purpose Reports Approval	Council	No delegation
Quarterly Financial Statements Approval Before Next Quarter	Council	No delegation
External Auditor Appointment and Termination	Council	No delegation
Investment Strategy Approval	Council	No delegation
Investment Manager Appointment and Termination	Council	No delegation

Financial Administration Activity / Function	Responsible	Authority Level (where applicable)
Annual Emergency and Operations Continuity Plan Review and Approval	Council	Can delegate to Executive Director
Annual Review of Financial Management System	Executive Director	Can delegate to another Officer or employee
Document Retention Periods Approval	Council	No delegation
Organization Chart Approval	Council	Can delegate approval to Executive Director
Appointment, Termination, Severance and Salary Adjustments – Officers	Council	No delegation
Annual Performance Evaluation of Officers	Council	Can delegate Director of Finance performance evaluation to Executive Director
Annual Performance Evaluations of Employees	Direct Supervisor	No delegation
Hiring, Termination, Severance and Salary Adjustments – Non-Officers	Executive Director	Can delegate to the Directors/Program Managers
Approval of Budgeted Expenditures and Capital Asset Purchases and Disposals	Expenditures greater than \$400,000 require a majority vote at a general membership meeting (Excludes Housing – Housing expenditures will follow the housing policy)	Must approve amounts greater than \$400,000
	Council	Must approve amounts between \$25,000 and \$400,000.00
	Executive Director	Must approve amounts between \$10,000 and \$25,000.00
	Department Director	Must approve amounts between \$5,000 and \$10,000.00
	Department Director (less than 1 year of employment)	Must approve amounts between \$1,000 and \$5,000.00
	Department Director (On probation)	Can approve up to \$1,000.00
Approval of Extraordinary Expenditures	Council	Must approve amounts greater than \$25,000.00
	Executive Director	Must approve amounts up to \$25,000.00
Approval of Contracts – Less than 12 months	Council	Must approve amounts greater than \$25,000.00

Financial Administration Activity / Function	Responsible	Authority Level (where applicable)
	Executive Director	Must approve amounts up to \$25,000.00
Approval of Capital Project Trigger Threshold	Council	A project is considered a "capital project" when total cumulative costs will be greater than \$125,000.00
Capital Projects Approval	Council	No delegation
Capital Asset Reserve Fund Establishment	Council	No delegation
Approval of Contracts – Greater than 12 months	Council	No delegation
Approval of Insurance Coverage and Premiums	Council	Can be delegated to the Chief for approval
Annual Review of Insurance Coverage	Executive Director	Can delegate to another Officer
Approval of Capital/Operating Leases	Council	Can delegate to Executive Director
Approval of Bank Account Transfers	Council	Two approvals from authorized signatories – no delegation
Bank Accounts – Opening/Closing	Council	No delegation
Bank Accounts – Approval of Reconciliations	Finance Director	May be delegated to Executive Director or a member of the Finance and Audit Committee
Approval of Borrowing Transactions	Council	No delegation
Approval of Lending – Principal amount	Council	No delegation
Approval of Guarantees and Indemnities	Council	No delegation
Loan Forgiveness Approval	Council	No delegation
Payroll Advance Approval	Executive Director	No delegation
Payroll Remittance Package Approval	Director of Finance	Can delegate to Executive Director
Approval of Reimbursable Expense Claims – Council	Council and Officers	Two approvals – one non-claimant Council member/Executive Director and Chief

# TEMPORARY DELEGATION OF DUTY/FUNCTION FORM

I, [insert name and position title], hereby delegate to [insert name and position title] the duty/function, on a temporary basis, of my position effective [insert start date] to [insert end date].

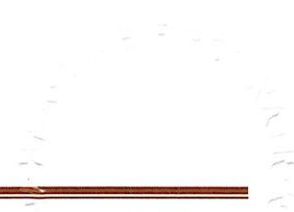
Agreed to on the XX day of Month 20XX

Person delegating:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and Position Title

Person delegated to:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and Position Title





### 3. FINANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### POLICY

##### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy and a requirement of the First Nation's Financial Administration Law to establish a process around creating and maintaining a Finance and Audit Committee ("the FAC") to assist Council in carrying out its oversight responsibilities for financial reporting, internal control and risk management processes.

##### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to set out the composition, responsibilities, and procedures in creating and maintaining a Finance and Audit Committee.

##### Scope

This policy applies to Council, the Finance and Audit Committee, the Executive Director and the Director of Finance.

##### Responsibilities

###### Council is responsible for:

- Assigning to the FAC any responsibilities or functions in addition to those set out in the Law.
- Approving the FAC's terms of reference.
- Determining eligibility criteria of FAC members, chairpersons and vice-chairpersons.
- Confirming, before appointment, that each potential FAC member is eligible to be a member and is independent.
- Making sure that each FAC member signs a statement annually, confirming that they continue to meet the eligibility criteria and remain independent.
- Determining the requirements of financial competency to be met by the majority of FAC members.
- Appointing the FAC's chairperson and vice-chairperson and filling any vacancies in those offices.
- Evaluating the FAC's effectiveness.
- Providing the FAC with the resources it might need to carry out its functions.
- Considering any FAC recommendations or advice.
- If the chairperson is not a Council member, sending notices and agendas of all Council meetings to the chairperson.

###### The Finance and Audit Committee Chairperson is responsible for:

- Facilitating the FAC's interaction with Officers.

- Chairing FAC meetings and making sure they are conducted in an efficient and effective manner.
- Planning the FAC's activities to make sure that it is successful in fulfilling its mandate and addressing its functions, duties and responsibilities.
- Preparing FAC agendas.
- Making sure minutes are recorded at each duly called meeting.
- Recruiting qualified FAC member candidates and recommending them to Council.
- Evaluating FAC members and their contributions.
- Reporting to Council on behalf of FAC.

**FAC Members are responsible for:**

- Preparing for meetings by reading reports and background materials prepared for each meeting and acquiring adequate information necessary for decision making.
- Actively participating in FAC deliberations.
- Attending all scheduled FAC meetings subject to reasonable exceptions acceptable to the chairperson.
- Becoming knowledgeable of FAC's functions and statutory responsibilities under the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- Maintaining communications with management, FAC members, the auditor and other advisors as appropriate.
- Making sure they have the minimum level of financial competency necessary to fulfill their responsibilities.
- Making sure they maintain their independence as required in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- Avoiding conflicts of interests and complying with conflict of interest policies and procedures established by Council and described in the Financial Administration Law.
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the chairperson on the FAC terms of reference for Council consideration and approval.

**The Executive Director is responsible for:**

- Maintaining the current FAC member list.
- Tracking FAC member financial competency.
- Keeping the chairperson current on major developments and provide FAC with sufficient information on a timely basis to enable FAC to discuss potential issues, make decisions, and fulfill its mandate.
- Assisting the chairperson in planning and making necessary arrangements for setting agendas, giving required meeting notices and holding meetings.
- Attending each FAC meeting, unless excused by the chairperson for a reasonable reason or excluded from attendance by FAC vote as provided in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.

### **The Director of Finance is responsible for:**

- Attending each FAC meeting, unless excused by the chairperson for a reasonable reason or excluded from attendance by FAC vote as provided in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- Providing technical and professional support to the FAC as requested or as required in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.

## **ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

### **Procedures**

#### **3.1 Member Appointment and Removal**

Subject to the First Nation's Financial Administration Law, Council will appoint the FAC chairperson and vice-chairperson.

Council must establish its FAC consistent with the number of members specified in the Financial Administration Law.

Council, upon recommendation of the chairperson, will appoint the FAC members by passing a Council Resolution, a majority of whom must have financial competency and all of whom must have independence and meet the eligibility criteria as set out in the terms of reference approved by Council.

A FAC member may be removed from office by Council in the circumstances permitted in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law. In such circumstances, Council will remove a FAC member by passing a Council Resolution.

Subject to the First Nation's Financial Administration Law, Council may choose to appoint an alternate FAC member by passing a Council Resolution.

#### **3.2 Term Requirements**

Subject to the First Nation's Financial Administration Law, when making FAC appointments, Council will make sure that no more than half of the members' terms will expire in any one fiscal year.

The Executive Director will maintain a register of FAC members which will, for each member, include the date of appointment or re-appointment, the term of the membership, and the term end date and which will track independence and financial competency issues for each member.

Upon any changes in FAC membership, the Executive Director will report to Council on the term end dates for each FAC member.

The term of a FAC member will be as established in the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.

The terms of office of FAC members are staggered to ensure the continuing effectiveness of the FAC and to provide for succession planning. Non-Council members shall serve three-year terms, appointed in opposite years of Council elections.

Council members must be appointed to the Finance and Audit Committee as soon as possible following their election to the Council and will serve on the Finance Committee to the end of their term on Council.

If a FAC member is removed from office, dies, or resigns before their term expires, Council must as soon as possible appoint a new FAC member to hold office for the remainder of the term.

### 3.3 Eligibility Criteria'

Council will establish FAC member eligibility criteria as set out in the Finance and Audit Committee Declaration of Eligibility. Council will specify that an individual will not have a role in the financial management of the First Nation involving the planning organizing, directing, or controlling of its financial activities, including budgeting, financial accounting, financial reporting, procurement and utilization of funds.

Council will document FAC member criteria for independence by specifying that the individual does not have a direct or indirect financial relationship with the First Nation government that could, in the opinion of Council, reasonably interfere with the individual's exercise of independent judgment as a FAC member.

Council will establish FAC member financial competency criteria that, in the opinion of Council, will reasonably allow a FAC member to fulfill their required role and responsibilities and support the FAC effectiveness.

All FAC members will sign the Finance and Audit Committee Eligibility Declaration form and provide to the Executive Director for record retention.

### 3.4 Administration and Reporting

Subject to the First Nation's Financial Administration Law, the quorum necessary for the transaction of business at FAC meetings will be a majority of FAC members.

Subject to the First Nation's Financial Administration Law, the FAC will meet at least quarterly and otherwise as necessary but in any event as soon as possible following receipt of the audited annual financial statements and report of the auditor.

All Council members of the First Nation may attend FAC meetings provided, however, that no Council member is entitled to vote at such meeting and is not counted as part of FAC quorum if they are not a FAC member.

The external auditor may attend and be heard at FAC meetings.

The FAC will maintain written meeting records of attendance of FAC members and of any ex-officio member such as the Executive Director and the Director of Finance.

The FAC will provide minutes of its meetings to Council and the chairperson will provide reports to Council as appropriate on the substance of meetings as soon as possible.

If the FAC has permission under the provisions of the FAL to make rules for the conduct of its meetings, those rules must not contradict the FAL, the policies and procedures of the First Nation, or the directions of Council.

### **References and Related Authorities**

FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 11.0 – First Nation Committees.

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 10.0 – Finance and Audit Committee.
- Standard 21.0 – Audits.

### **Attachments**

1. Finance and Audit Committee Terms of Reference.
2. Finance and Audit Committee Eligibility Declaration.



## FINANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE TERMS OF REFERENCE

**Composition:** At least one (1) Council member must be a member of a Finance and Audit committee consisting of three members and at least two (2) Council members must be members of a Finance and Audit committee consisting of four or more members. Council will appoint committee members, including a chairperson and a vice-chairperson one of whom must also be a member of Council. Each committee member will perform their role in an objective, fair, and impartial manner. The majority of committee members must have financial competency and all of the members must have independence as defined below.

### **Financial Competency:**

- the ability to read, understand and analyze the First Nation's annual audited financial statements and the notes to the financial statements
- the ability to understand accounting policies, including any estimates used or judgments applied by management in the application of the First Nation's accounting policies, when these are explained by the First Nation's Director of Finance and the auditor
- an understanding of the First Nation's objectives and operations that may impact the selection or application of accounting policies
- a knowledge and understanding of the strategies that have been adopted by the First Nation and the risks involved with any new strategies
- an ability to understand the First Nation's risk environment

**Independence:** An individual is independent if they do not have a direct or indirect financial relationship with the First Nation that could, in the opinion of Council, reasonably interfere with the individual's exercise of independent judgment as a member of the Finance and Audit Committee with the below exception:

An individual who has a role in the financial management of the First Nation involving the planning, organizing, directing or controlling of its financial activities – including budgeting, financial accounting, financial reporting, procurement and utilization of funds **is not** considered independent.

**Quorum:** Quorum necessary for the transaction of business at committee meetings will be majority of the voting members of the committee.

**Voting Rules:** Unless a committee member is not permitted to participate in and vote on a motion because of a conflict of interest, every member has one vote in all committee decisions. In the event of a tie vote, the chairperson may cast a second tie-breaking vote.

**Committee Term:** The Finance and Audit Committee is a standing committee established by the Financial Administration Law.

**Member Term:** The members of the Finance and Audit Committee must serve staggered terms, as follows:

- non-Council members shall serve three-year terms, appointed in opposite years of Council elections

- Council members must be appointed to the Finance and Audit Committee as soon as possible following their election to the Council and will serve on the Finance Committee to the end of their term on Council

**Chairperson:** Appointed by Council. Either the chairperson or the vice-chairperson must be a member of Council.

**Vice-chairperson:** Appointed by Council. Either the chairperson or the vice-chairperson must be a Council member.

**Mandate:** The Finance and Audit Committee is responsible to review and make recommendations to Council on the financial administration matters of the First Nation. The Finance and Audit Committee will assist Council in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for the financial reporting process, the internal control system, the audit process, and the process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the code of conduct.

**Meetings:** The Finance and Audit Committee will meet not less than quarterly and immediately following completion of the annual audit, with the chairperson having authority to convene additional meetings as circumstances required.

All committee members are expected to attend each meeting, in person or via tele/video-conference. The committee will invite members of the management, auditors, or others to attend meetings as necessary.

The Executive Director and Director of Finance must be notified of all meetings and must attend those meetings, subject to reasonable exceptions.

The auditor of the First Nation must receive notices of all meetings and may attend and be heard at such meetings.

Meeting agendas will be prepared and provided in advance to members, along with appropriate briefing materials. Minutes will be prepared. The chairperson will report key decisions and areas of discussion or concern to Council as soon as possible following each Finance and Audit Committee meeting or in writing if the information needs attention in a timely manner.

The Executive Director or Director of Finance may be excluded from all or any part of a committee meeting at the discretion of the committee – decided by a recorded vote.

**Responsibilities:**

***Financial Accounting and Reporting Oversight***

- subject to the First Nation’s Financial Administration Law, review draft annual budgets and multi-year financial plans and recommend them to Council for approval
- monitor the financial performance of the First Nation against budget and report any significant variations and their reasons to Council
- review the quarterly and annual financial statements of the First Nation and recommend them to Council for approval
- If the First Nation collects local revenues, review the annual financial statements of the First Nation’s local revenue account and recommend them to Council for approval

- review the annual special purpose reports of the First Nation and recommend them to Council for approval
- review the annual report of the First Nation and recommend it to Council for approval
- make any other recommendations to Council on any matter respecting the financial administration of the First Nation
- review management's approach for safeguarding the First Nation's assets and information systems, the adequacy of staffing of key financial functions and any plans for improvement
- review with management and the external auditors emerging accounting issues and their potential impact on the First Nation's financial reporting
- review with management the First Nation's financial policies and compliance with such policies

### ***Auditor Oversight***

- make recommendations to Council on the selection, engagement and performance of the First Nation's independent auditor
- receive assurances on the independence of a proposed or appointed auditor
- review and make recommendations to Council to approve the annual audit plan of the external auditor, including the scope of the audit to be performed and the estimated audit fees
- review and make recommendations to Council respecting the audited annual financial statements, including the audited local revenue account financial statements, if applicable, and any special purpose reports
- review any management letters containing recommendations of the external auditor and management's response
- recommend to Council pre-approval of all audit, audit-related and non-audit services to be provided to the First Nation by the external auditor
- periodically review, and make recommendations to Council respecting policies, procedures and directions on reimbursable expenses and perks of Council members, officers and employees
- monitor financial reporting risks and fraud risks and the effectiveness of internal controls designed to mitigate those risks taking into consideration the cost of implementing any change to internal control
- review the First Nation's Financial Administration Law and recommend amendments to Council
- review and make recommendations to Council on the terms of reference

### ***Risk Management***

- review the annual risk management plan and fraud risk assessment completed by the Executive Director and provide input to the identification, monitoring and reviewing of the annual risk assessment process
- provide recommendations to Council on the annual risk management plan and fraud risk assessment
- provide updates to the Council on any significant changes to the assessment and adequacy of monitoring activities
- review requests for non-budgeted funding for the First Nation's business enterprises and make recommendations to Council



**Other**

- review expenses of Council members and Officers and assess the First Nation's policies with respect to expense reimbursement and allowances
- evaluate at least annually the adequacy of these terms of reference

2018/19

# FINANCE AND AUDIT COMMITTEE ELIGIBILITY DECLARATION

The eligibility criteria to be a Finance and Audit Committee member is as follows:

- the ability to read, understand and analyze annual financial statements and the notes to the financial statements
- the ability to understand accounting policies, including any estimates used or judgments applied by management in the application of the accounting policies, when these are explained by Director of Finance and the auditor
- an understanding of the First Nation's objectives and operations that may impact the selection or application of accounting policies
- a knowledge and understanding of the strategies that have been adopted by the First Nation and the risks involved with any new strategies
- an ability to understand the First Nation's risk environment

Valid for the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ fiscals unless member term ends, whichever comes first.

*I have read the terms of reference of the Finance and Audit Committee and will comply with these.*

*I am independent and am eligible to be a member of the Finance and Audit Committee.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
[Insert name]

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
[Insert title]



## 4. OFFICER APPOINTMENT AND RESPONSIBILITIES

### POLICY

#### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy to establish a process around outlining the duties and roles of the First Nation's officers, which include the Executive Director and the Director of Finance and to establish a process for the appointment or removal of Officers of the First Nation.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on the appointment and removal process and responsibilities of Officers of the First Nation.

#### Scope

This policy applies to Council and Officers of the First Nation.

#### Responsibilities

##### Council is responsible for:

- Appointing the Officers of the First Nation.
- 

##### The Executive Director is responsible for:

- Developing and recommending policies and procedures for Council approval, if procedures' approval has not been delegated by Council to the Executive Director.
- Preparing and recommending for Council approval, descriptions of the powers, duties and functions of all employees of the First Nation.
- Hiring the employees of the First Nation, as the Executive Director considers necessary and within Council approved budget, and to set the terms and conditions of their employment.
- Overseeing, supervising and directing the activities of all Officers and employees of the First Nation.
- Overseeing and administering the contracts of the First Nation.
- Identifying, assessing, monitoring and reporting on financial reporting risks and fraud risks.
- Monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of mitigating controls for financial reporting and fraud risks.
- Other duties as required by Council that are not contrary to the *First Nations Fiscal Management Act* ("the *FMA*") or inconsistent with the Executive Director's duties under the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- Reporting directly to Council.

## The Director of Finance is responsible for:

- The day to day management of the First Nation's financial administration system.
- Other duties as required by the Executive Director that are not contrary to the *FMA* or inconsistent with the Director of Finance's duties under the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- Reporting directly to the Executive Director.
- Administering and supervising the maintenance of the records of all receipts and expenditures of the First Nation.
- Preparing any documentation and financial information required by Council or the FAC to carry out their responsibilities.
- Any other duties as set out in the Financial Administration Law.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

### Procedures

#### 4.1 Appointment

Council will approve, prior to posting a job, the specific qualifications required for each position.

Council will determine the selection process for all Officer positions identified by this policy. At minimum the Council will create an hiring committee. The hiring committee will develop criteria for a selection process that will evaluate the qualifications, experience, and any other interview standards deemed appropriate for each candidate.

Initial screening will occur to assess each applicant's ability to meet the minimum stated standards. Applications of qualified candidates received for a posting will be forwarded to the hiring committee to further screen the applications to select individuals to be interviewed for the position. The interview process will be consistent for all applicants.

The hiring committee will then evaluate each candidate for the Executive Director against the established criteria and recommend a candidate for the position to Council.

The hiring committee will evaluate each candidate for the Finance Director against the established criteria and will determine who will be hired for that position. At minimum, a Council member and the Executive Director will be involved in this hiring process.

#### References and Related Authorities

FMB's Financial Management System Standards

- Standard 12.0 – First Nations Officers and Employees
- 

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards

- Standard 11.0 – First Nations Officers and Employees

## 5. EXTERNAL AUDIT

### POLICY

#### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy to establish a process around the appointment, management and termination of a qualified and licensed external auditor to render an audit opinion on the annual financial statements (and special purpose reports, where applicable) of the First Nation in accordance with GAAP.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance on the appointment of an external auditor and the management of the annual audit process within the First Nation.

#### Scope

This policy applies to Council, the Finance and Audit Committee, Officers and employees providing services within the financial administration system.

#### Responsibilities

##### Council is responsible for:

- Appointing (re-appointing) an auditor meeting the specified eligibility requirements and documenting the appointment by Council Resolution.
- Making sure the engagement letter requires the auditor to confirm that the financial statements and the audit comply with the First Nations Financial Management Board's standards, any relevant funding agreement requirements, and applicable laws.
- Approving and reviewing periodically the policy related to the external auditor's authority to receive the information and documents required to perform the audit function.
- Confirming that the auditor has carried out the audit as required by the Financial Administration Law and the engagement letter.
- Reviewing and approving the audited annual financial statements within 120 days after fiscal year end, and ensuring they are signed by those required in the Financial Administration Law – at minimum the Chief or Council chairperson, chairperson of the Finance and Audit Committee and the Finance Director.
- Making sure First Nation members have access to the audited financial statements and special purpose reports after they have been approved and signed as required in the Financial Administration Law.

### **The Finance and Audit Committee is responsible for:**

- Overseeing the external audit and advising Council as required.
- Making recommendations to Council on the selection, engagement and performance of an auditor.
- Receiving assurances on the independence of a proposed or appointed auditor.
- Approving the terms and conditions of the auditor appointment as set out in the engagement letter and making sure it includes the auditor's obligation to confirm that the annual financial statements and the audit of them comply with the Financial Administration Law, the *FMA* and the First Nations Financial Management Board's Standards and any relevant funding agreements.
- Reviewing the draft annual financial statement from the Director of Finance and presenting the statements to Council following the end of the fiscal year for which they were prepared.
- Reviewing and making recommendations to Council on the planning, conduct and results of audit activities.
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Council on the audited annual financial statements, including the audited local revenue account financial statements if applicable and any special purpose reports.

### **The Executive Director is responsible for:**

- Directing and facilitating any notices regarding meetings on the annual audit or audited financial statements.

### **The Director of Finance is responsible for:**

- Overseeing, supervising, directing and facilitating requests for any information required by the auditor to carry out its audit responsibilities.
- Providing auditor with copy of the First Nation's Financial Administration Law and FMB's Financial Reporting Standards.
- Preparing and providing to the Finance and Audit Committee within 100 days of the fiscal year end the annual financial statements and special purpose reports for the fiscal year in accordance with Canadian GAAP and any funding agreements.
- Making sure the accounts are properly updated to reflect audit adjustments, the account balances are reconciled to the audit statements and schedules, and a proper year end closing of the accounts is completed.
- Providing feedback on the auditor's performance to the Executive Director.

## **ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

### **Procedures**

## 5.1 Auditor Selection, Engagement and Performance

The Executive Director and the Director of Finance will establish evaluation criteria to be included in a Request for Proposal (“RFP”) for the external audit which will be reviewed by the Finance and Audit Committee and approved by Council and include, at a minimum, for the auditor to be:

- Independent from the First Nation, its related bodies, Council and Officers and members.
- In good standing with regulatory bodies (Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada) and/or their respective counterparts in the province or territory in which the firm or accountant is practicing.
- Licensed to practice public accounting.

The Finance and Audit Committee will review the Officers’ evaluation of the proposals and their recommendation. The Finance and Audit Committee may recommend or ask for additional information, including an in-camera (i.e. without management) interview with the recommended auditor.

The Finance and Audit Committee will recommend the engagement of the selected auditor and the engagement letter to Council for approval.

Council will review the engagement letter with the auditor selected to make sure it contains the content required by the Financial Administration Law including the following:

- Requirement for audit to be completed in compliance with Canadian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.
- Audit objective and scope.
- Auditor responsibilities.
- First Nation’s management responsibilities.
- Expected form and content of any reports issued by auditor including circumstances when a report may be different from these requirements.
- Requirement for auditor to communicate in writing to Council matters that come to auditor’s attention during audit involving:
  - Identified or suspected non-compliance with relevant laws (other than insignificant non-compliance matters).
  - Significant internal control deficiencies.

Council will proceed to sign the engagement letter in accordance with the First Nation’s Authorization and Delegation Table and make sure it is delivered to the auditor.

On a periodic basis, the Finance and Audit Committee will review and make recommendations to Council on the engagement of the external auditor and recommend to Council for approval on whether an RFP should be initiated for the appointment of a new auditor.

## 5.2 Auditor Independence

The Finance and Audit Committee will make sure that the First Nation has received a letter from the auditor, before the annual audit is finalized, in which the auditor confirms their continued independence.

## 5.3 Audit Planning

The Director of Finance will meet with the auditor before commencement of the annual audit to review the proposed audit plan, to make any requests or to provide any feedback that the auditor should consider when finalizing the plan and conducting the audit.

The Director of Finance will submit the finalized audit plan to the Finance and Audit Committee for review.

The Finance and Audit Committee will submit the finalized audit plan along with any recommendations to Council for approval.

## 5.4 Audit Preparations

The Director of Finance will keep the auditor informed and discuss in advance of the audit of any significant accounting issues, developments or changes for the First Nation that could have an impact on the audit and the audit report.

Prior to fiscal year end, the Director of Finance will oversee staff concerning fiscal year end procedures to make sure of the accuracy and completeness of the First Nation's financial statements and disclosures.

Staff, under the direction of the Director of Finance, will prepare necessary schedules and working papers. This will include preparation of accounts receivable and accounts payable confirmation letters, financial institution account confirmations, and account balance reconciliations.

The Finance and Audit Committee will be informed of any issues that could affect the audit (e.g. where the auditor believes a change in the terms of the engagement may be needed).

## 5.5 Audited Annual Financial Statements

The Finance and Audit Committee will receive and review the draft audited annual financial statements, including any special purpose reports

The Finance and Audit Committee will satisfy itself that:

- The audit has been completed according to the plan.
- The financial statements are fairly presented according to Canadian GAAP.



- The auditors have provided an opinion on the financial statements and an opinion over any special purpose reports as required by the First Nation's Financial Administration Law.
- There are no significant unresolved issues.

The Finance and Audit Committee will meet with the auditor to review the draft audited financial statements. The committee may meet with the auditor 'in camera' (without the First Nation's management team) for a part of the meeting.

When satisfied with its review of the draft audited financial statements and the resolution of any audit issues, the Finance and Audit Committee will recommend the draft audited financial statements to Council for approval.

Before publishing the audited financial statements, the following approvals are required:

- Approval of Council through a Council Resolution.
- Approval by signature from Chief or Council chairperson, chairperson of the Finance and Audit Committee and the Director of Finance.

## 5.6 Auditor Dismissal

Council may remove the auditor before the expiration of the term on the recommendation of the Finance and Audit Committee by passing a Council Resolution, or may choose not to re-appoint the auditor for a further term.

If Council removes or does not re-appoint the auditor, the auditor selection process will be initiated in accordance with this policy and procedure.

## References and Related Authorities

FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 22.0 – Audits.

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 10.0 – Finance and Audit Committee.
- Standard 21.0 – Audits.

## 6. REPORTING OF COMPENSATION, BENEFITS AND CONTRACTS

### POLICY

#### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy and a requirement of the First Nation's Financial Administration Law to establish a process around the annual disclosure for each Council member the remuneration paid, and expenses reimbursed by the First Nation, and by any entity that is consolidated by the First Nation, whether such amounts are paid to the Council member while acting on Council or in any other capacity.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to establish accountability, transparency and full disclosure for each Council member's remuneration and expenses paid by the First Nation and by its consolidated entities.

#### Scope

This policy applies to Council. This policy and procedure does not apply to remuneration or expenses received:

- In common by all First Nation members.
- Under a program or service universally accessible to First Nation members on published terms and conditions.
- From a trust agreement, according to the terms of the trust.

#### Responsibilities

##### Council is responsible for:

- Making sure that each Council member annually reports to the Director of Finance all remuneration paid and all expenses reimbursed by the First Nation and by any entity consolidated into the First Nation's annual audited financial statements.

##### The Director of Finance is responsible for:

- Preparing an annual report separately listing the remuneration paid and expenses reimbursed by the First Nation, and by any entity, to each Council member whether such amounts are paid to them while acting on Council, or in any other capacity.
- Including the Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses as a special purpose report in the First Nation's financial statements.
- Making the Schedule of Remuneration and Expenses report available on the First Nation website or location to which membership has access.

## ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

### Procedures

The Director of Finance or a designate will use amounts from the general ledger to complete the special purpose report.

The special purpose report must include any Council member that left prior to the end of the fiscal year.

If a Council member worked in another capacity for the First Nation during part of a fiscal year that is being disclosed, the remuneration earned and any other expenses paid in the other position must be included. To be clear, a footnote will be included in the special purpose report to explain which amounts relate to the respective roles.

The Director of Finance, with the approval from the Executive Director, will hire the First Nation's independent auditor to issue an audit or a review engagement report on the special purpose report in accordance with the terms of the engagement.

The Director of Finance will submit the special purpose report along with the draft unsigned audit or review engagement report from the First Nation's auditor to the Finance and Audit Committee for review and recommendation for approval to Council.

Once the special purpose report is approved by Council, the Director of Finance will arrange for it to be included or referenced in the annual report as to where it can be viewed. The special purpose report will be formatted so it can be published electronically.

The Director of Finance will retain and safeguard the records of each Councillor according to the requirements for information management set out in the policies and procedures of the First Nation.

### References and Related Authorities

FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 10.0 – Reporting of Remuneration and Expenses.

FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 9.0 – Reporting of Remuneration and Expenses.
- Standard 20.0 – Financial Reporting.



## 7. WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

### POLICY

#### Policy Statement

It is Council's policy to establish a process around the reporting and investigation of misconduct while protecting the identity of individuals who report misconduct to the extent possible.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to make sure there is a procedure to report, investigate, and act on allegations of wrongdoing within the financial management system and to provide protection to persons who come forward with these reports in good faith.

#### Scope

This policy applies to Council, Officers, employees, contractors, agents and members of the First Nation.

#### Responsibilities

##### Council is responsible for:

- Making sure that this policy is communicated to all affected and interested persons.
- Investigating reported misconduct Finance and Audit Committee members.
- Making sure that the identity of the person who makes a report of misconduct in good faith is kept confidential to the extent possible in all circumstances and not subject to negative actions for making the report.
- Approving policies and procedures required in the Financial Administration Law on such matters.
- Supporting and fostering an open and ethical environment.

##### The Finance and Audit Committee is responsible for:

- Reviewing any reports provided to it on inquiries into the circumstances of the reported misconduct; conducting any further inquiry it considers necessary; and providing a report to Council, along with any recommendations.
- Taking all reasonable steps to make sure that the identity of the person who makes a report of misconduct is kept confidential to the extent possible in all circumstances.
- Taking necessary steps to make sure that persons who have reported instances of wrongdoing remain protected against any negative actions including but not limited to discrimination, threats, harassment or loss of employment or employment opportunities.
- Supporting and fostering an open and ethical environment.

**The Chair of the Finance and Audit Committee is responsible for:**

- Taking all reasonable steps to make sure that the identity of the person who makes a report of misconduct is kept confidential to the extent possible in all circumstances.
- Taking necessary steps to make sure that persons who have reported instances of wrongdoing remain protected against any negative actions including but not limited to discrimination, threats, harassment or loss of employment or employment opportunities.
- Reporting to Council any potential or real breaches of policy and/or negative actions against the whistleblower.

**The Executive Director is responsible for:**

- Communicating the Whistleblower Policy to all affected and interested persons.
- Providing a confidential reporting procedure(s) to report violations.
- Receiving reports of misconduct, making an appropriate and timely inquiry into the matter and reporting to the Finance and Audit Committee as soon as possible.
- Taking all reasonable steps to make sure that the identity of the person who makes a report of misconduct is kept confidential to the extent possible in all circumstances.
- Taking necessary steps to make sure that persons who have reported instances of wrongdoing remain protected against any negative actions including but not limited to discrimination, threats, harassment or loss of employment or employment opportunities.
- Reporting to Council any potential or real breaches of policy or negative actions against the whistleblower.
- Securing related records.
- Fostering and supporting an open and ethical environment.

**ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES**

**Procedures**

**7.1 Fostering an Open and Ethical Working Environment**

The identity of any person who raises a concern of wrongdoing will remain confidential to the extent possible.

A person reporting a breach in good faith will receive fair and unbiased treatment throughout the investigative process. Council will make sure that the person is protected from any discrimination, threats, retaliation or harassment.

A person against whom a report has been made will receive fair and unbiased treatment. Where a preliminary inquiry into a report indicates a possible finding of misconduct, the person against whom the report has been made will be given an appropriate opportunity to answer the allegation in a manner consistent with the other provisions of this policy.

On an annual basis, the Finance and Audit Committee will provide Council with a report on the effectiveness of this policy and the Code of Conduct policy.

## 7.2 Reporting Wrongdoing

Council has established the following procedures to receive, retain, investigate and act on complaints and concerns of Council members, Officers, employees, contractors and agents of the First Nation regarding instances of misconduct or wrongdoing.

The Executive Director will make sure that the procedures described above will be included in contracts and the appointment of agents and committee members.

The Executive Director and the Chair of the Finance and Audit Committee will receive and inquire into reports of misconduct or wrongdoing.

The Executive Director and the Chair of the Finance and Audit Committee will report their respective findings of an inquiry into a report of misconduct or wrongdoing that they receive.

The Finance and Audit Committee will inquire, if necessary, further into any findings reported.

Any report received by a Council member, Officer, employee, contractor or agent from any source inside or outside the First Nation will be immediately forwarded to the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson.

First Nation Officers, employees, contractors and agents will forward their reports to the Executive Director or the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson.

Instances of wrongdoing will be reported directly to the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson in the following ways:

- in writing to the attention of the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson:  
Wahnapiatae First Nation  
259 Taighwenini Trail Road  
Capreol, ON P0M 1H0
- via email: [fandacommittee@wahnapiataefn.com](mailto:fandacommittee@wahnapiataefn.com)

Instances of wrongdoing can be reported directly to the Executive Director in the following ways:

- in writing to the attention of the Executive Director:  
Wahnapiatae First Nation  
259 Taighwenini Trail Road  
Capreol, ON P0M 1H0
- via email: contact phone number below to acquire email address.
- via telephone to the Executive Director at 705-858-0610

### 7.3 Inquiry

Promptly upon receipt of a report, the Executive Director and the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson will:

- Confirm in writing to the whistleblower that the report has been received.
- Make sure that the identity of the person(s) making the report is kept confidential to the extent possible and that individuals who report in good faith are protected from negative actions.
- Include the report in a confidential memo including the following:
  - The nature of the report (including specific allegations made and the names of the persons involved).
  - The date of receipt of the report.
  - The current status of any inquiry.
  - The report made to the Finance and Audit Committee.
  - Any final resolution of the reported wrongdoing.
- Decide on the appropriate action to be taken when conducting the inquiry and start the inquiry as soon as possible. The inquiry should seek to confirm or deny the allegations presented.
- When the alleged incident is of significant risk to the operations, reputation, etc. of the First Nation, related to potential criminal acts by individuals, or of high financial value to the First Nation, the Executive Director or the Finance and Audit Committee chairperson may retain external expertise to conduct the inquiry.
- Within a period of eight weeks from the moment the report has been received, inform the whistleblower of the status of the inquiry and steps that have been taken or will be taken following the results of the inquiry.
- Report on the progress of current inquiries at each Finance and Audit Committee meeting.
- Upon completion of the inquiry, report to the Finance and Audit Committee on the conduct of the inquiry and the result of the inquiry and recommended actions to Council for review and approval.
  - The Finance and Audit Committee will actively monitor inquiries to make sure they are conducted in accordance with this policy.
  - If the reported wrongdoing concerns a Finance and Audit Committee member, Council or the Executive Director, will inquire into the matter or retain external expertise to conduct the inquiry.

### 7.4 Response and Remedial Actions

After considering the final report of an inquiry, the Finance and Audit Committee will make a recommendation to Council which will make a decision to resolve the issue as soon as possible.

Recommended actions will correspond with the severity of the wrongdoing and can include reprimands, leave without pay, termination, revocation of appointment or other actions as determined by Council and subject to the provisions of the relevant policy.

Police will be contacted if activities of a criminal nature are identified.

Recovery of First Nation funds as a result of the wrongdoing as described in the Financial Administration Law will be tracked and collected from the responsible individual(s).

### **References and Related Authorities**

The FMB's Financial Management System Standards:

- Standard 28.0 – Financial Misconduct.

The FMB's Financial Administration Law Standards:

- Standard 32.0 – Financial Misconduct.





8. REVISION HISTORY

Date (mm/dd/yyyy)	Band Council Motions

